Long-term Management Policy and Medium-term Management Plan (FY2015–2017)

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May 14, 2014

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I Long-Term Management Policy

Long-term Management Policy: Overview

Vision

We will become the *world's leading* business group committed to supporting recycling-oriented society through *materials* innovation, with use of our *unique and distinctive* technologies.

What the keywords mean to us

materials

This term refers not only to resources, raw materials and products, but to everything of value that Mitsubishi Materials provides, including services, solutions and personnel.

unique

This term is strongly charged with the meaning of things that make Mitsubishi Materials special, things we can do because we are Mitsubishi Materials, things only Mitsubishi Materials can do. These are things that set us apart from the rest.

world's leading business group This term indicates a group of companies that pursues uniqueness across its entire business model in each operation, embracing regions, markets, products, productivity, quality, service and more, at every level, including the Group as a whole, internal companies, department, companies, locations and workplaces, to be world's leading business group and one-of-a-kind.

Target State

By achieving above vision and earning the trust of customers, each Mitsubishi Materials operation occupies an important position in each industry and market.

Long-term Management Policy: Overview (Policy towards 2020s)

Corporate philosophy

For People, Society and the Earth

Vision

We will become the **world's leading** business group committed to supporting recycling-oriented society through **materials** innovation, with use of our **unique and distinctive** technologies.

Image for scale of operations

Net sales of ¥2 trillion or more, net income of ¥100 billion or more

Cement

- ◆ No. 1 ROA in global cement industry
- ◆ Major player in the Pacific Rim

Advanced Materials & Tools

- Over 10% global share of cemented carbide products
- ♦ No. 1 ROS in industry for highperformance alloy products

Resources and recycling

Unique technologies

Processed goods

Sustainable growth

Global strategy

Personnel strategy

Technology and development strategy

Materials

Metals

- ◆ captive mine ratio 50%
- ♦ No. 1 globally in processing of precious metals scrap (E-Scrap)
- ◆ No. 1 globally in profitability from copper processing

Electronic Materials & Components

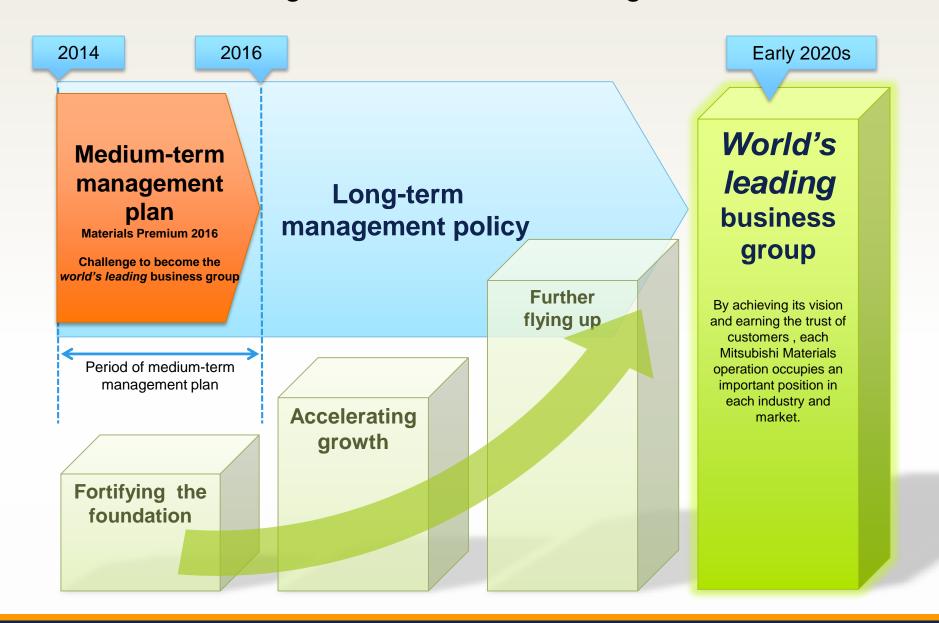
◆ A high-profitability operator with the world's No. 1 product lineup

Aluminum

- No. 1 global share in extruded multi-hole tubes for heat exchangers
- No. 1 domestic share in aluminum cans for beverages

I Overview of Medium-term Management Plan (FY2015–2017)

Positioning of Medium-term Management Plan



Medium-term Management Plan: Overview

Medium-term Management Plan (FY2015-2017)

Materials Premium 2016 -

Challenge to become the world's leading business group

Management Targets

Operating profit

FY2014

¥66.2 billion

Ordinary income ¥76.9 billion

Return on assets (ordinary income base)4.3%

Net D/E ratio 1.3times

FY2017

¥100 billion ¥110 billion

6%

1.0 time or lower

Growth Strategy

- Fortifying the foundation for growth
- Strengthening global competitiveness
- Pursuing a recycling-based business model

Consolidated Financial Targets

Cash flow

3-year cash flow (FY2015–2017)

CF from operating activities

(Depreciation cost)

CF from investing activities

Free cash flow

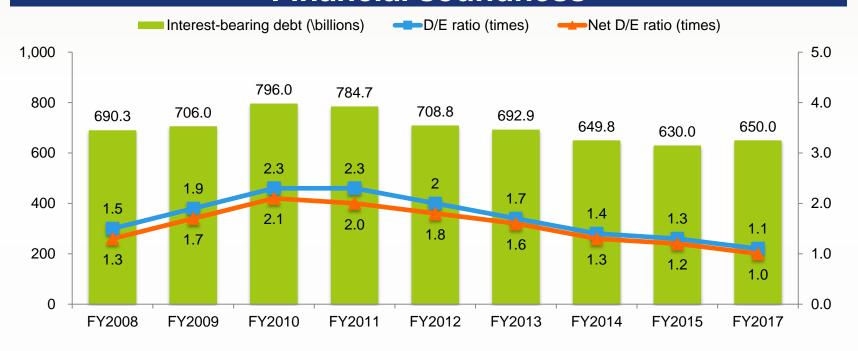
¥361 billion

¥176 billion

(¥318 billion)

¥43 billion

Financial soundness



Plan by Segment

(¥billions)

| | FY2014 | | | FY2017 | | | |
|---|-----------|------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|-----------------|--|
| | Net sales | Operating profit | Ordinary income | Net sales | Operating profit | Ordinary income | |
| Cement | 190.1 | 19.1 | 18.8 | 229.0 | 35.0 | 35.0 | |
| Metals | 750.9* | 23.7* | 37.8* | 810.0 | 30.0 | 40.0 | |
| Advanced Materials & Tools | 145.8 | 14.0 | 13.9 | 168.0 | 23.0 | 23.0 | |
| Electronic Materials & Components | 67.7 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 88.0 | 7.0 | 6.0 | |
| Aluminum | 151.5 | 5.5 | 4.7 | 175.0 | 8.0 | 7.0 | |
| Others, elimination, etc. | 108.5* | -0.3* | -0.7* | 130.0 | -3.0 | -1.0 | |
| Total | 1,414.7 | 66.2 | 76.9 | 1,600.0 | 100.0 | 110.0 | |

* Results for FY2014 is based after reclassification of precious-metals segment.

| Assumptions | FY2014 | FY2017 |
|---------------------------|--------|--------|
| Average TTM rate (yen/\$) | 100 | 100 |
| Average TTM rate (yen/€) | 134 | 130 |
| Copper price LME (¢ /lb) | 322 | 300 |

Group-wide Growth Strategy

Fortifying the foundation for growth

- Enhancing safety management systems and securing stable operations
- Strategic investment (M&A, etc.) to embody sustainable growth
- Improving financial position continuously (raising profitability through business selection and focus)

Strengthening global competitiveness

- Expanding current location, and deploying new production and sales location with focus on emerging countries
- Improving competitiveness by developing new customers and markets (strategic marketing)

Pursuing a recycling-based business model

- Achieving long-term growth by pursuing a recycling-oriented value chain
- Establishing a business model unique to Mitsubishi Materials by realizing Materials Premium, our strength as conglomerate.

Group-wide Growth Strategy ①Fortifying the foundation for growth

Strategic investments to accelerate sustainable growth

■ Cumulative investment plan, FY2015–2017

Total investment: ¥330 billion

Maintenance and upgrading 40% (¥130 billion)

Expansion /rationalization/new 60% (¥200 billion)

of which **Strategic**investments
Mining ¥30 billion
M&A, etc. ¥70 billion

¥100 billion

Japan 77% (¥100 billion)

Over seas 23% (¥30 billion)

Japan 50% (¥100 billion)

EM

&C

5%

of which **By region**Asia 22% (¥22 billion)
N. America 12% (¥12 billion)
Other 66% (¥66 billion)
"Other" includes mining and M&A

Over seas

50% (¥100 billion)

Cement 18% (¥58 billion) Metals 20% (¥67 billion)

AM&T 12% (¥41 billion) Aluminum 9% (¥28 billion)

Oth ers 5%

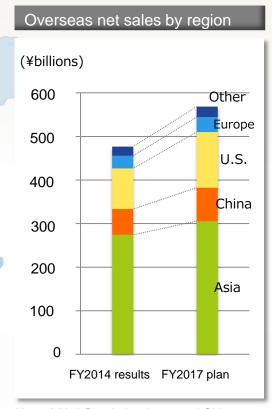
All companies 31% (¥103 billion)

¥18 billion

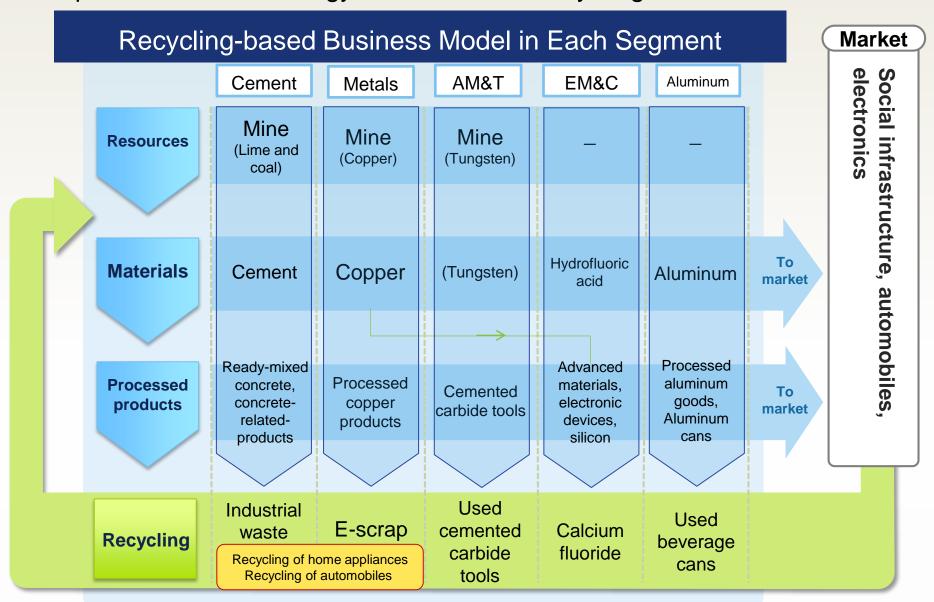
Expansion of existing locations and deployment of new production and sales locations with focus on emerging countries

 Improvement of global competitiveness by developing new customers and markets through strategic deployment of marketing

| | Existing locations | | | New locations | | | |
|----------|--------------------|-------|-------|----------------|-------|-------|--|
| | Produ ction | Sales | Other | Produ ction | Sales | Other | |
| Europe | 2 | 6 | 4 | | 2 | | |
| Americas | 16 | 8 | 11 | 1 | 2 | 1 | |
| China | 8 | 10 | 4 | 1 | 5 | | |
| Asia | 21 | 19 | 4 | 7 | 1 | 2 | |
| Other | 2 | 1 | 3 | | | | |
| TOTAL | 49 | 44 | 26 | 9 | 10 | 3 | |

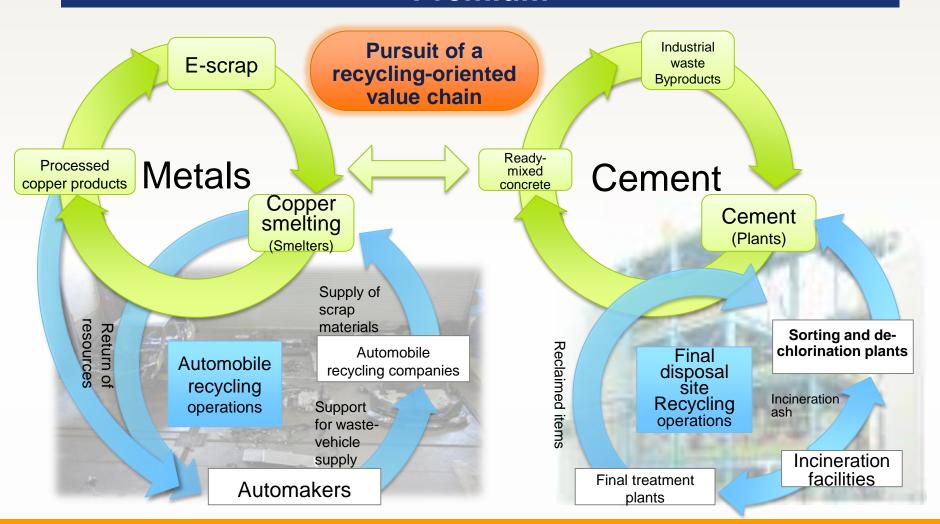


Group-wide Growth Strategy 3 Pursuit of a Recycling-based Business Model



Group-wide Growth Strategy ③Pursuing a recycling-based business model

Establishing a business model that realizes Materials Premium

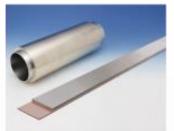


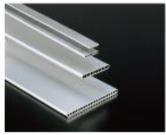
Ⅲ Operating Strategy by Segment









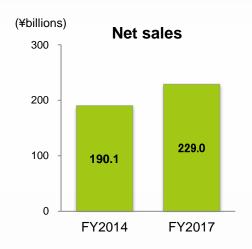


Cement

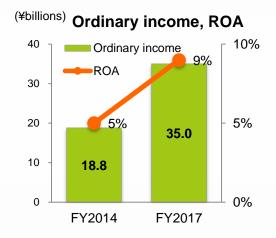
Long-term Targets

- No. 1 ROA in global cement industry
- Major player in the Pacific Rim

Medium-term Management Targets

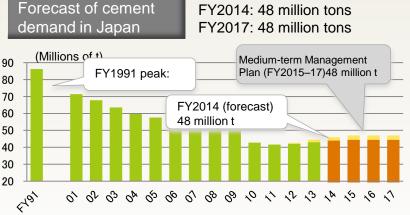






Cement

Business environment during the medium-term management plan period

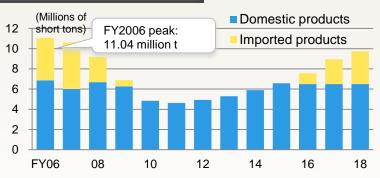


FY2016 and later: Mitsubishi Materials forecast

To FY2015 forecast: Published figures from the Japan Cement Association

Forecast of cement demand in southern California (U.S.)

FY2014: 5.9 million short tons FY2017: 9.0 million short tons



To FY2010: USGS Cement Statistics and Information To FY2014: Actual results published from PCA Forecast 2013 winter For FY2023: Mitsubishi Materials forecast

Business strategy during the medium-term management plan period

Japan

- Stably supply for booming demand due to earthquake disaster reconstruction, hosting of Tokyo Olympics, etc.
- Promote integrated business capabilities to expand recycle operations

United States

- Expand cement supply abilities by such measures as terminal expansion, etc.
- Expand earnings from ready-mixed concrete operations by new construction and purchasing of ready-mixed concrete plants, and securing of aggregate quarries

Emerging countries

Deploy operations in emerging countries by such measures as building new cement plants, terminals and relationships with local companies

Cement

Key growth strategy: Expansion of US operations and deployment in emerging countries

■ US operations Expansion of cement supply system

Expansion of cement supply system

Expansion of MCC terminal in Long Beach

Los Angeles MCC

San Diego

Establish MCC terminal in San Diego

Increase in earnings from ready-mixed concrete operations



■ Emerging countries

Building relationships with local capital and new construction of cement plants and terminals to deploy operations in emerging countries

▼ Sample approaches

Period of medium-term management plan Export approach Building relationships with local capital Construction of cement terminals → Establishment of a cement supply system Acquisition/JV approach Acquisition of local plants / operations with JVs Pre-F/S for plant construction F/S such as site selection

Afterward

Future construction of cement plants

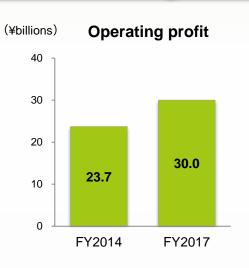
Metals

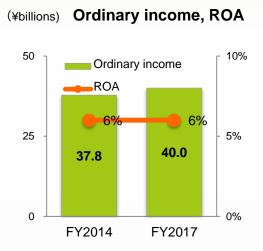
Long-term Targets

- Mining Captive mine ratio 50% *
 - * Captive mine ratio= (Copper production volume as share of concentrate rights)/(Electrolytic copper production volume from concentrate)
- Smelting No.1 globally in processing of precious metals scrap (E-Scrap)
- Copper processing No. 1 globally in profitability

Medium-term Management Targets







Note: Results for FY2014 are indicated according to the classifications after the reclassification of precious-metals segment.

Metals

Business environment during the medium-term management plan period

- China has overcapacity in both the smelting and copper processing fields.
- The domestic demand will not recover as domestic manufacturers have moved overseas with yen appreciation, but overseas demand will increase.
- Price competition with products from emerging markets is intensifying globally in processed copper products.
- We expect a certain degree of recovery in TC/RC, because the slowdown in the Chinese economy will ease demand for copper concentrates for the time being

Business strategy during the medium-term management plan period

Mining

Launching of new mine development (Zafranal in Peru, etc.)

Smelting

- Strengthening of recycling operations; responding to increasing generation of precious metals scrap (e-scrap) overseas by expanding collection and pretreatment facilities
- Utilizing slag (smelting by-products) effectively

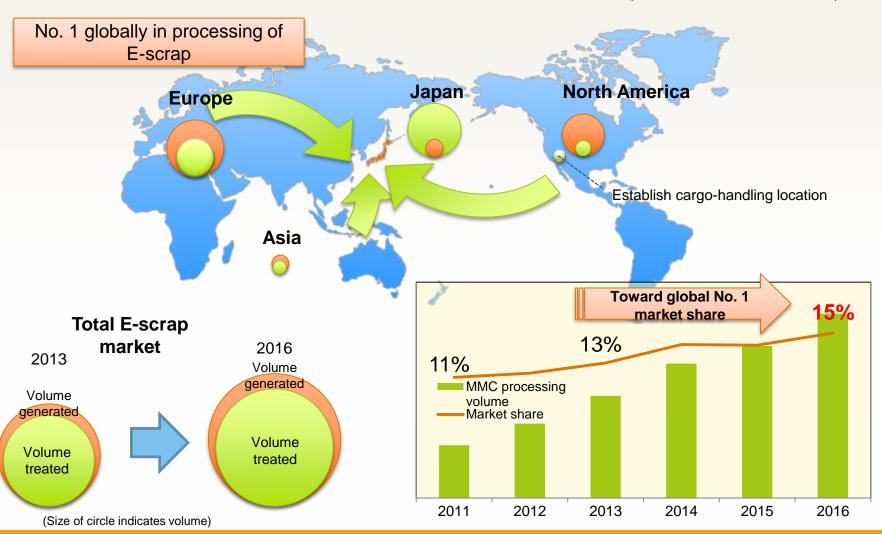
Coppe Coppe

- Expanding sales of new alloy MNEX® for volume-zone markets in emerging-country
- Establishment of slitting facilities and sales location in emerging countries
- Cultivating new markets with unique alloys such as lead-free products ("ECOBRASS®")
 and discoloration-resistant antimicrobials products ("CLEANBRIGHT®")

Metals

Key Growth Strategy: Strengthening Recycling Operations

(Mitsubishi Materials estimate for 2016)

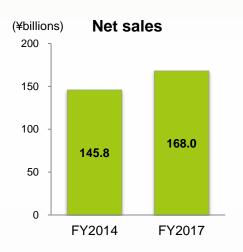


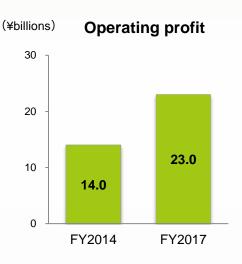
Advanced Materials & Tools

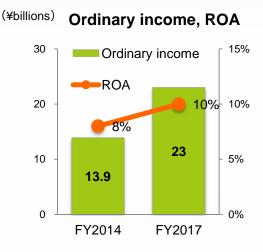
Long-term Targets

- Cemented carbide products
 Over 10% global share
- High-performance alloy products World No.1 in ROS

Medium-term Management Targets



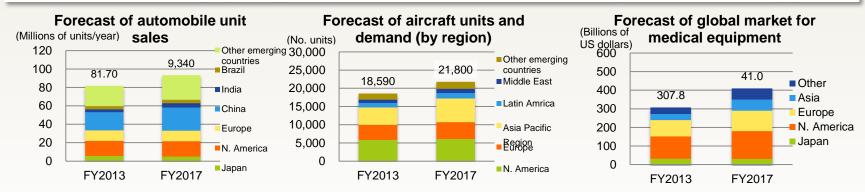




Advanced Materials & Tools

Business environment during the medium-term management plan period

Demand is continuously expanding for cemented carbide tools used for automobiles, aircraft and medical equipment.



Business strategy during the medium-term management plan period

Cemented carbide products

- Expansion of sales through industry-based team such as automobiles, aircraft and medical equipment
- Expansion of sales networks and production location, focusing on emerging countries
- Enhancing tungsten recycling

High-performance alloy products

- Increasing market share among auto-parts manufacturers by expanding existing production locations and opening new ones
- Expanding sales of eco-car parts (VVT, etc.) by improving quality while reducing sales price

Advanced Materials & Tools

Key growth strategy: Expansion and deployment of overseas bases

Cemented carbide products

Expanding sales networks and production locations, focusing on emerging countries

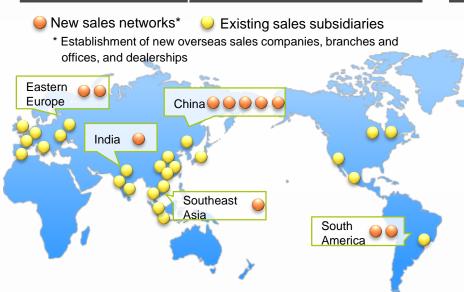
- Expansion of sales networks in China, eastern Europe and other emerging countries
- Expansion of production locations in Asia and emerging countries

High-performance alloy products

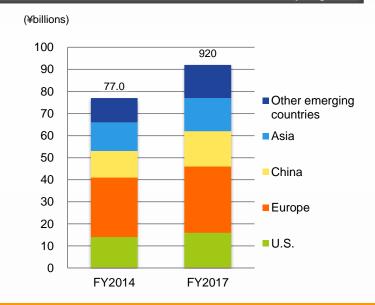
Increasing market share among auto parts manufacturers by expanding existing production locations and opening new ones

- Expansion of overseas sales of eco-car parts
- Expansion of production locations in Asia and emerging countries

Cemented carbide product network



Overseas net sales in Advanced Materials & Tools by region

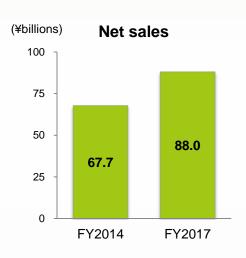


Electronic Materials & Components

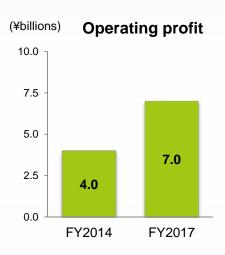
Long-term Targets

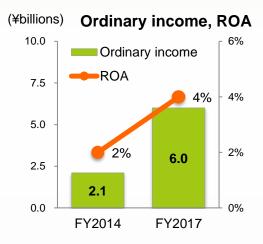
A high- profitability operator with the world's No. 1 product lineup

Medium-term Management Targets



Materials Premium 2016





Electronic Materials & Components

Business environment during the medium-term management plan period

Advanced materials

 Demand is expected to increase for semiconductors, products used in displays and heatdispersion substrates for railways and industrial equipment.

Devices

- Ratios for air conditioner and refrigerators equipped with inverter will expand due to energysaving regulations.
- Demand for sensor products will expand due to introduction of emissions regulations in Europe for cars, trucks and motorcycles.

Business strategy during the medium-term management plan period

Advanced materials and electronic devices

- Promotion of marketing-driven R&D to achieve rapid development and commercialization of unique, value-added strategic products
- Optimization of products portfolio through selection and focus as well as M&A

Silicon

- Aiming for a recommencement of Yokkaichi Plant, the Group aims to thoroughly elucidate the causes of the accident and establish systems for safety and production technology.
- Ensuring early stabilization of overall silicon business
 (The Group will continue to observe autonomous reconstructing at SUMCO.)

Electronic Materials & Components

Key growth strategy: Strengthening of production and sales systems for advanced materials and devices

Advanced materials

Strengthening of production systems for target materials

- Expand production for display market Securing production location in Taiwan
- Expand production of cylinder types and large types

Differentiation from the customer's viewpoint using special production technologies

Development of new alloys (Ag, Cu)

Realizing Materials Premium in ingredients, production, recycling, etc.

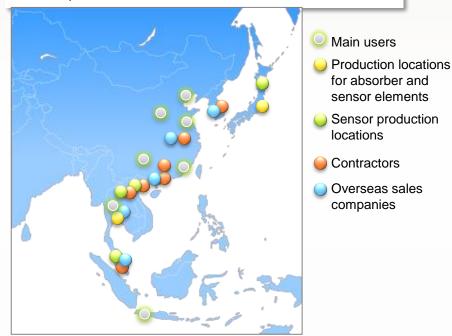
DBA for the railway and industrial equipment markets

 Developing new markets and customers in next-generation vehicle applications as well as railways and industrial equipment

Devices

Strengthening of production and sales systems

 To expand production at low cost, the Group will secure overseas production contractors and build a new factory in Laos, a country with low-cost (estimating time of starting operation, March 2015).



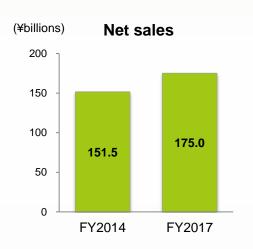
Aluminum

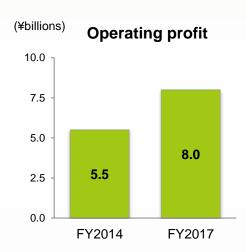
Long-term Targets

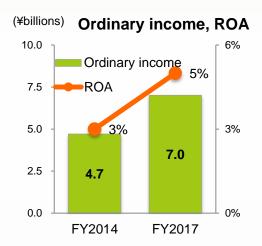
- Rolling and processing
- Can manufacturing

No. 1 global market share in extruded multi-hole tubes for heat exchangers No. 1 domestic share in aluminum cans for beverages Industry No.1 in UBC usage

Medium-term Management Targets







Aluminum

Business environment during the medium-term management plan period

Market in Japan

 Domestic demand will hit a ceiling due to population decline, low birthrate, etc.

Rolling and processing: Offshoring of customer production bases and shift to local procurement

Beverage can manufacturing: Stable demand for aluminum cans

Customers and competitors in Japan

Rolling and processing: Mergers among competitors are bringing powerful new top companies into the market.

Can manufacturing: Beverage producers are becoming more selective for can suppliers

Overseas markets

Market
 expansion in
 emerging
 countries and
 intensifying
 competition

Business strategy during the medium-term management plan period

Rolling and processing

- Strengthening of existing overseas locations for extruded multi-hole tubes for heat exchangers and sheet metal
- Launching a company in India and achieving profitability
- Serving needs for light weight and low cost in automobiles and electronics

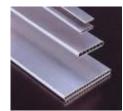
Can manufacturing

- Enhancing a system for increasing production by speeding up existing lines
- Strengthening bottle can sales overseas
- Strengthening collaboration among collection, casting and rolling in aluminum-can recycling

Aluminum

Key growth strategy: Strengthening of existing overseas bases and establishment of new ones

- Rolling and processing (Mitsubishi Aluminum Co., Ltd.)
 Focusing business resources on extruded perforated tubes for heat exchangers and sheet metal, and expanding global business
- Can manufacturing (Universal Can Corporation)
 Strengthening bottle cans sales overseas





Global deployment of heat-exchanger operations by Mitsubishi Aluminum

Japan: Fuji Plant, Mitsubishi Aluminum Automobile heat exchangers and air conditioner:31,600t/year

China: MA China Extrusion (Suzhou) Co., Ltd. Automobile heat exchangers: 4,500t/year

United States: Thermalex Inc. **Expanded**Automobile heat exchangers, air conditioner: 13,000t/year

India: scheduled to start operations in 2015

New

Automobile heat exchangers: 2,700t/year

Thailand: Muang-max (Thailand) Co., Ltd.

Expanded

Automobile heat exchangers: 7.200t/year

Vananakana Bublia Ga J

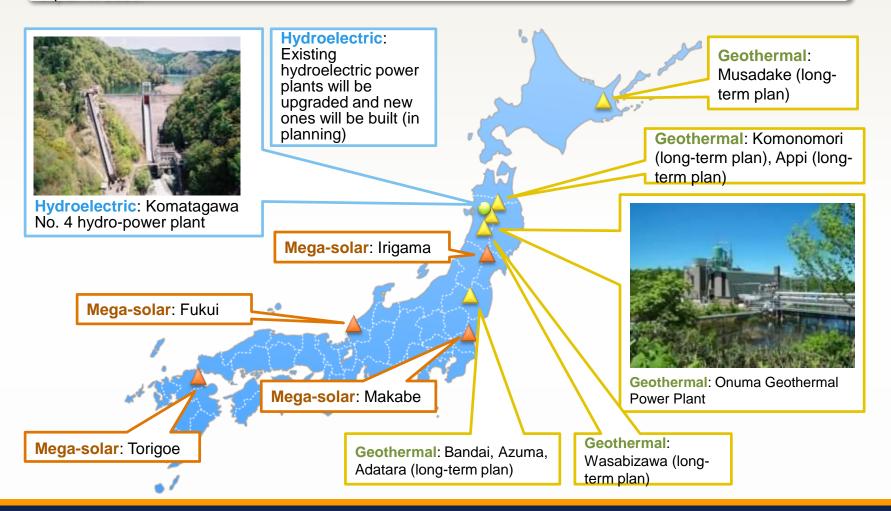
Thailand: Varopakorn Public Co., Ltd. Automobile heat exchangers, air

conditioner: 8,600t/year

Others: Renewable Energy

Based on the precious management resources it has cultivated over many years, Mitsubishi Materials is expanding its business in renewable energy. By providing a stable supply of environmental-friendly energy, the Company is contributing to sustainable society.

Target state: Supplying 1,000MW of the 3,500MW which is forecasted to be generated by geothermal power in Japan in 2030.



Aims of the Medium-term Management Plan (2015–2017)

Materials Premium 2016 Taking up the Challenge of Becoming the world's leading business group

Fortifying the foundation for growth

Strengthening global competitiveness

Pursuing a recycling-based business model



Strengthening the foundation in a bid to achieve the status of the world's leading business group

IV Reference Materials

Recap of Previous Medium-term Management Plan (FY2012–2014) ①

Management indices and results

| | Management index | FY2012 | FY2013 | FY2014 |
|------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Ordinary income | ¥110 billion | ¥42.4 billion | ¥74.4 billion | ¥76.9 billion |
| Return on assets (ROA) | 6% | 2.4% | 4.2% | 4.3% |
| Net D/E ratio | 1.5 times or lower | 1.8 times | 1.6 times | 1.3 times |
| 1101 2/2 14110 | lower | | 110 (111100 | 1.0 (111100 |

- The Group missed its targets for ordinary income and ROA. Reasons include a significant drop in dividends received from copper mines, failure to achieve the sales volume plan for cemented carbide products and a slump in silicon operations.
- The Group achieved its target for net D/E ratio. Factors include a weakening yen exchange rate, an increase
 in net assets due to rising share prices and a decrease in interest-bearing debt from sale of assets.
- Investments reached only ¥253.6 billion, compared with a plan of ¥275.0 billion (3-year plan) because of a change in business environment. However, the Group decisively achieved growth-strategy investments such as conversion of Robertson's Ready Mix into a wholly owned subsidiary of Mitsubishi Materials.

Recap of Previous Medium-term Management Plan (FY2012–2014) ②

Business advancement in overseas markets, especially emerging markets

- Advancement of sintered products manufacturing bases in China and Indonesia
- Expansion of sales bases in China for cemented carbide products operations
- Expansion of aluminum extruded heat-exchanger operations into India
- Complete conversion to wholly owned subsidiaries of ready-mixed concrete and aggregate sales companies in the United States
- Participation in development of copper mines in Peru

Realization of Materials Premium

- Expansion of acceptance of earthquake-disaster waste and difficult-to-treat waste through advanced use of smelting and cement recycling systems
- Promotion of the use of copper slag as concrete aggregates
- Development of long cylindrical target materials which utilize raw procurement capabilities and technologies such as recycling, dissolution, forging and rolling.
- Development of flexible thermistors using coating technologies of cemented carbide tools.

Reference: Assumptions and Sensitivity ①

| Statistics / Assumptions | FY2013 (full year) Results | FY2014 (full year) Results (a) | FY2015 (full year) Forecast | FY2017 (full year) Forecast (b) | Difference (b-a) |
|---|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Average TTM rate (yen/\$) | 83 | 100 | 102 | 100 | 0 |
| Average TTM rate (yen/€) | 107 | 134 | 140 | 130 | -4 |
| Total demand for cement in Japan (million tons) | 44.58 | 47.71 | 48.00 | 48.00 | 0.29 |
| Cement sales volumes for MMC-Domestic (million tons) | 6.59 | 7.42 | 7.49 | 7.90 | 0.48 |
| Cement sales volumes for MMC-Exports (million tons) | 2.73 | 2.28 | 2.51 | 2.50 | 0.22 |
| Total demand for cement in the U.S. (million tons) | 76.47 | 79.84 | 86.01 | 104.20 | 24.36 |
| Cement sales volumes in the U.S. (million short tons) | 1.53 | 1.68 | 1.75 | 2.30 | 0.62 |
| Copper price LME (¢/lb) | 356 | 322 | 310 | 300 | -22 |
| Sales of cathodes(in-house product) (thousand tons) | 284 | 289 | 272 | 300 | 11 |
| Sales of cathodes(exports) (thousand tons) | 98 | 114 | 135 | 90 | -24 |
| Sales of cahodes (PTS) (thousand tons) | 202 | 198 | 275 | 260 | 62 |
| Processed copper products sales volumes (thousand tons) | 129 | 143 | 154 | 160 | 17 |
| Dividends from copper mine (¥ billions) | 24.5 | 15.1 | 12.6 | 14.0 | -1.1 |

Reference: Assumptions and Sensitivity 2

| Statistics / Assumptions | FY2013 (full year) Results | FY 2014 (full year) Results (a) | FY2015 (full year) Forecast | FY 2017 (full year) Forecast (b) | Difference (b-a) |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| SUMCO's net income (¥billions) | 3.4 | 0.7 | 9* | _* | _ |
| MMC's equity method investment gain (¥ billions) | 0.6 | -0.1 | 2.2* | * | _ |

| Sensitivity (ope | rating profit base) | Per year |
|------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Exchange rate | ¥/US\$ (yen appreciation) | -700 JPY million |
| | ¥/€ (yen appreciation) | -100 JPY million |
| Copper price (LN | ME) operating profit 10 ¢ /lb | 500 JPY million |
| | non-operating profit 10 ¢ /lb | 1,500 JPY million |

^{*} For net income for SUMCO in FY2015, the figure for H1 announced February 14, 2014 is used. For H2, the same amount as for H1 is used, because SUMCO has not yet announced its full-year forecast.

Furthermore, SUMCO's medium-term plan is not appropriated for FY2017 because it has not yet been made public.

Forward-Looking Statements

These future plans and other statements are based on information available to the Company's management as of the day for releasing this material. There are many uncertain or risk factors inherent in plans, and there might be cases in which actual results materially differ from plans and other statements of this material.

Mitsubishi Materials Corporation